

1. Shannon entropy vs. Kolmogorov complexity

$$(K) \forall x \exists y \Phi(C(x_1), C(y_1), C(x_1, y_1), \dots).$$

Here:

x, y are tuples of strings,

$$x = (x_1, \dots, x_k), y = (y_1, \dots, y_m).$$

Φ is quantifier free monotone combination of linear inequalities of the form

$$aC(x_1) + bC(y_1) + dC(x_1, y_1) + \dots \leq o(n), \\ n = \max\{C(x), C(y)\}.$$

$$(H) \forall \alpha \exists \beta \Phi(H(\alpha_1), H(\beta_1), H(\alpha_1, \beta_1), \dots).$$

$$(SH) \forall \alpha \forall n \exists \beta \Phi(H(\alpha_1^n), H(\beta_1), H(\alpha_1^n, \beta_1), \dots).$$

Examples

1. Extractability of mutual information: $\forall x \forall y \exists z$
 $[C(z) = I(x : y) + o(n) \wedge C(z|x) = o(n)$
 $\wedge C(z|y) = o(n)]$.

2. Muchnik's theorem $\forall x \forall y \exists z$
 $[C(z) \leq C(y|x) + o(n)$
 $\wedge C(y|x, z) = o(n) \wedge C(z|y) = o(n)]$.

Problems

Obviously $(H) \Rightarrow (SH)$.

Is it true that $(H) \Rightarrow (K)$?

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What is known

(K) $\not\Rightarrow$ (H):

$$\begin{aligned} \forall x \forall y \exists z \quad & C(z) + C(y|z, x) + C(x|z, y) \\ & \leq \max\{C(x|y), C(y|x)\} + O(\log n) \end{aligned}$$

(SH) $\not\Rightarrow$ (K):

$\forall \xi, \eta \forall n \exists \beta$

$$[H(\beta) \leq \frac{H(\xi^n) + H(\eta^n)}{2} + O(1),$$

$$H(\xi^n|\beta) \leq \frac{H(\xi^n|\eta^n)}{2} + O(1),$$

$$H(\eta^n|\beta) \leq \frac{H(\eta^n|\xi^n)}{2} + O(1)].$$

2. Komogorov complexity and cryptography

$$I(p : y) = C(y) - C(y|p)$$

$$D(x, y) := \max\{C(y|p) \mid p \text{ is a program for } y \text{ given } x\}$$

Observation: $D(x, y) \leq \min\{C(x), C(y)\}$.

Theorem (Muchnik)

$$D(x, y) = \min\{C(x), C(y)\}.$$

Generalization

The eavesdropper has some a priori information s .

$D(x, y|s) := \max\{C(y|p, s) \mid$
 $p \text{ is a program for } y \text{ given } x\}$

Theorem (Muchnik)

$$D(x, y|s) = \min\{C(x|s), C(y|s)\}.$$

Minor point: the length program p in the theorem is exponential in n !

Problems

1. Is it true: for all x, y, s there is p , a program for y given x , with $C(p) = \text{poly}(n)$ and $C(y|p, s) = \min\{C(x|s), C(y|s)\} + o(n)$?
2. Assume that the eavesdropper needs information about yet another string t . What can be said about $\max\{C(t|p, s) \mid p \text{ is a program for } y \text{ given } x\}$? Can this value be expressed through the complexity profile of x, y, s, t ?

3. Maximizing mutual information by relativization

Assume that x, y are given. What can be said about $\max\{I(x : y|z) \mid z \in \{0, 1\}^*\}$? Is it true that it equals $\min\{C(x), C(y)\}$?

(Suleikin) A similar question for Shannon entropy: how to find for given joint distribution of random variables A, B the value $\max_X I(A : B|X)$? Is it true that the maximum is always attained for a random variable X with at most $|A| \cdot |B|$ outcomes?